1. In the Caribbean, the term ‘common law union’ is used to describe
A) courtship between cousins
B) engagement between persons of different ethnicity/race
C) a visiting relationship between adolescents
D) an unmarried man and woman living together

2. The term ‘kinship’ implies
A) membership of the same organization
B) membership of the same ethnic group
C) close friendship
D) blood relationship

3. The term ‘polyandry’ is used to describe a traditional situation in which a
A) woman has more than one husband
B) man has more than one wife
C) woman has more than one child
D) man has children with more than one woman

4. A newly married couple resides with the husband’s father, under the father’s traditional authority.
   This situation may be described as
A) patriarchal
B) patrilineal
C) paternalistic
D) polygamous

5. Which of the following could BEST explain the reasons for the statement above?
   Some writers state that in many families today, it is the children who have control and not the adults.
   I. Some parents may not discipline their children for fear of losing their love.
   II. Parents, because they have their own problems, may neglect their children.
   III. The modern state is taking over the role of parents.
   A) I and II only
   B) I and III only
   C) II and III only
   D) I, II and III

6. Which of the following is LEAST likely to be a concern of adolescents in the family?
A) Coping with their emotional problems
B) Communicating with adults in the home
C) Providing financial support for the home
D) Balancing academic and social activities

7. Item 5 refers to the following statement.
   Some writers state that in many families today, it is the children who have control and not the adults.
   I. Some parents may not discipline their children for fear of losing their love.
   II. Parents, because they have their own problems, may neglect their children.
   III. The modern state is taking over the role of parents.
   A) I and II only
   B) I and III only
   C) II and III only
   D) I, II and III
8. Monogamy is the accepted form of union in the Caribbean MAINLY because
   A) there are equal numbers of men and women
   B) women have always demanded equal rights
   C) the region has been influenced by the Christian religion
   D) experiments with other forms of marriage have failed

9. Which of the following BEST explains the promotion of family planning in the Caribbean?
   A) To ensure a balance in numbers between male and female babies in the population
   B) To allow persons to have sexual relationships with chosen partners
   C) To give parents control over the number and spacing of the birth of their children
   D) To teach parents to supervise the activities of their children

10. Which of the following is MOST often given by married couples in the Caribbean as a reason for seeking a divorce?
    A) Infidelity by one partner
    B) Infertility of the wife
    C) Husband being unemployed
    D) One partner being illiterate

11. Sexual intercourse between close relatives is known as
    A) rape
    B) polygamy
    C) incest
    D) promiscuity

12. John and Mary, recently married, now live with John’s parents. This entire family may be described as
    A) nuclear
    B) extended
    C) sibling
    D) single parent

13. The chairperson of the credit union allowed the members to discuss the design of the new poultry pen. She then asked members to vote on the matter.
    The type of leadership shown above is BEST described as
    A) paternalistic
    B) maternalistic
    C) democratic
    D) authoritarian

14. Which of the following terms BEST describes the situation above?
    A) Autocracy
    B) Anarchy
    C) Dictatorship
    D) Authoritarianism

15. A ‘society’ is BEST described as a group of people
    A) working together in the same community
    B) protesting about their inhuman rights
    C) held together by a common culture
    D) living in a foreign country

16. The Attorney-General was able to get a Drug Offences Bill assented to by the Head of State. Which procedure was followed?
    A) First reading, committee stage, second reading, final reading
    B) Committee stage, first reading, second reading, final reading
    C) First reading, second reading, committee stage, final reading
    D) First reading, second reading, final reading, committee stage

17. Carl Regiment was charged for manslaughter. The verdict would be decided by a/an
    A) magistrate
    B) attorney-at-law
    C) judge
    D) jury

18. A high court judge is appointed in most Caribbean countries by the
    A) Prime Minister
    B) Judicial and Legal Commission
    C) Leader of the Opposition
    D) President
19. Which of the following is not a function of the judiciary?
A) Imposing penalties on wrongdoers
B) Interpreting the constitution and other laws
C) Appointing legal officers of State
D) Settling disputes among individuals

20. Which of the following is not a function of the executive?
A) Making ministerial appointments
B) Discussing contents of draft bills
C) Day-to-day administration of the country
D) Making policy statements for Government

21. For a bill to become an act, it must be signed by the
A) President of the Senate
B) Head of Cabinet
C) Head of State
D) Leader of the Opposition

22. Sittings in the lower court are presided over by a/an
A) judge
B) magistrate and jury
C) magistrate
D) appeal court judge

23. The person who conducts the affairs of the House of Representatives when in session is called the
A) Clerk of the House
B) Whip
C) Ombudsman
D) Speaker

24. The term ‘crude death rate’ is used to describe the number of deaths in one year
A) per 1000 of the total population
B) per 1000 of the male population
C) per 1000 of the female population
D) per 1000 of babies born

25. Which of the following do not contribute to agricultural development?
   i) Insufficient canning and refrigeration facilities
   ii) Difficulty in obtaining loans
   iii) Attractive salaries in agriculture

26. Which of the following statements are correct?
i) The population in the developing countries is greater than the developed countries.
ii) Between 1950 and 1975, rapid population growth occurred in developing countries.
iii) Population growth in the developed countries between 1925 and 1975 was slow.
iv) Between 1900 and 1975, the world population quadrupled.
A) i), ii) and iii) only
B) i), iii) and iv) only
C) ii), iii) and iv) only
D) i), ii) and iv) only

27. Which of the following would most likely lead to conflict among political parties?
i) Agreement as to what are the main problems facing the country
ii) Similarity of measures to solve the problems facing the country
iii) Open confrontation among supporters of rival parties
iv) TV debate by leaders of the various parties
A) i) and ii) only
B) iii) and iv) only
C) ii) and iii) only
D) i) and iv) only
28. The below statement seems to imply that the speaker is

A) stressing the importance of a proper education  
B) stating that too many children do not go to school  
C) warning that children are not serious about being educated  
D) fed up with the overall behaviour of children

29. • Caribbean Confederation of Credit Unions  
• Caribbean Conference of Churches  
• Caribbean Community  
• Caribbean Congress of Labour

The above organizations represent

A) informal groups of individuals  
B) formal groups of individuals  
C) informal groups of organizations  
D) formal groups of organizations

30. Which of the following statements is correct?

A) The Asian region has the highest proportion of children attending school.  
B) Europe and Russia have the second highest proportion of children attending school.  
C) Latin American children attend school the least.  
D) All North American children go to school.

31. In which of the following regions would you expect to find the highest proportions of school-aged children?

i) North America  
ii) Latin America  
iii) Asia  
iv) Europe and Russia

A) i) and ii) only  
B) iii) and iv) only  
C) ii) and iii) only  
D) i) and iv) only

32. Which of the following statements is most likely to be true?

A) There are adequate school places for children.  
B) Industries would obtain all skilled workers from schools.  
C) Parliament has to approve expenditure.  
D) The area of health should get more funds.

33. Preventive health care can best be achieved by

i) antenatal care, immunization programmes  
ii) hospitalization  
iii) surgical operations  
iv) environmental sanitation

A) i) and iii) only  
B) i) and ii) only  
C) ii) and iv) only  
D) i) and iv) only

34. Caribbean governments face the ‘dilemma of revolution of rising expectations’. This means that

A) the unemployed will rise against the government  
B) the government has to provide for people who desire a better standard of living  
C) institutions in the Caribbean want change  
D) the central governments are threatened by metropolitan Governments
35. Which one of the following countries cannot be classified as developing?  
A) Belize  
B) Ghana  
C) Kenya  
D) Italy

36. The government of a country assists in providing the family with  
i) formal educational opportunities  
ii) religious training  
iii) housing accommodation  
iv) preventive medical services

A) i, ii) and iii) only  
B) i, ii) and iv) only  
C) ii, iii) and iv) only  
D) i, ii) and iv) only

37. Ameer Co. Ltd. a soft drink factory computerized their processing and accounts system. Several workers lost their jobs as a result. This form of unemployment can be described as  
A) casual unemployment  
B) structural unemployment  
C) cyclical unemployment  
D) technical unemployment

38. Addressing a meeting of labour congress, the Attorney-General stated that amendments to the Industrial Relations Act were to take place. The changes are made by  
A) Cabinet  
B) Cabinet suggesting changes to the Attorney-General  
C) Parliament approving changes to laws  
D) consent of Head of State and Head of Government

39. A political party promised change without chaos. This statement describes  
A) indoctrination process.  
B) propaganda  
C) a campaign policy  
D) an election slogan

40. During Crown Colony Government, enfranchisement of some of the people meant  
i) increasing the power of planters  
ii) electing members on the legislative council  
iii) less power in the hands of nominated officials  
iv) the working class was represented in the legislative council

A) geographer  
B) demographer  
C) biographer  
D) cartographer
47. The most important difference between a monarchy and a republic as experienced by some of the Caribbean republics is.
(A) There is an absence of effective law.
(B) The Prime Minister is Head of State.
(C) The people elect their Head of State.
(D) The President replaces the monarch as Head of State.

48. Absolute rule of government in a country is known as.
(A) Oligarchy
(B) Autocracy
(C) Democracy
(D) Anarchy

49. A citizen is in prison for a long time without trial. This is an infringement of his:
(A) Family Life
(B) Human Rights
(C) Civil Rights
(D) Democratic Right

50. Cabinet is:
(A) Selected by the President.
(B) Responsible for the direction and control of the ruling party.
(C) Comprised of a majority of Senators.
(D) Comprised of all the elected members.

51. The main reason for making laws is to:
(A) Keep all policemen busy.
(B) Make the government stronger.
(C) Establish a state of emergency.
(D) Maintain order and stability in the society.

52. When there are labour disputes the workers appeal to the ........ court.
(A) Industrial
(B) Magistrate’s
(C) Supreme
(D) Appeal

53. Which one of the following is a non-renewable resource?
(A) human beings
(B) uranium
(C) bauxite
(D) geothermal energy

54. Which of the following is LEAST likely to harm the fish population in a river?
(A) Domestic waste
(B) Industrial waste
(C) Sewage
(D) Smog

55. Which of the following contributes to soil erosion?
(A) Terracing a steep hillside
(B) Growing crops in ridges on a hillside
(C) Ploughing up and down a steep slope
(D) Replanting trees that have been cut down

56. Which of the following groups contains examples of preventive health care ONLY?
(A) Immunization, nutrition, prenatal care
(B) Nutrition, hospitalization, immunization
(C) Prenatal care, immunization, hospitalization
(D) Hospitalization, prenatal care, nutrition

57. Which of the following methods can a country BEST use to reduce the flow of immigrants?
(A) Pass and enforce negative immigration laws.
(B) Withhold work permits from immigrants.
(C) Give more financial aid to developing countries.
(D) Urge governments to keep their citizens at home.

58. Which of the following would NOT assist in conserving the environment in the Caribbean?
(A) Reafforestation
(B) Marine reserves
(C) Sand mining
(D) Land reclamation

59. Which of the following statements are true of physical resources?
I. They are earth’s natural resources.
II. Some physical resources are renewable, others are not.
III. They are inexhaustible.
(A) I and II only
(B) I and III only
(C) II and III only
(D) I, II and III

60. Which of the following will assist Caribbean territories to develop self-sufficient economies?
I. Investing in local human resource development
II. Using local goods and services instead of importing
III. Developing the local agricultural sector and creating jobs
(A) I and II only
(B) I and III only
(C) II and III only
(D) I, II and III